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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/034,160	12/26/2001	Thomas James Edsall	ANDIP001	9388

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EXAMINER

PHAM, BRENDA H

ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
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2664

DATE MAILED: 08/22/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary	Application No. 10/034,160	Applicant(s) EDSALL ET AL.	
	Examiner Brenda Pham	Art Unit 2664	

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 26 December 2001.
- 2a) ☐ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-66 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-66 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☒ The drawing(s) filed on 26 December 2001 is/are: a) ☒ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).
- * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) |
| 3) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>6/05;6/03;8/02</u> . | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ |

DETAILED ACTION

1. Claims 1-66 are pending in this application.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

3. Claims 1-10, 12-14, 16-20, 22-31, 33-35, 37-42, 44-66 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Clear et al (US 2002/0101868 A1) in view of Behzadi (US 6,728,220 B2).

Claims 1, 22, 44-46, 50, 55, 57, 60, 65, 66 Clear et al discloses a method implemented on a network device for use in a storage area network, the method comprising:

Receiving or generating a packet or frame compatible with a standard protocol employed in the storage area network; encapsulating the packet or frame with a virtual storage area network identifier and MPLS information; sending the encapsulated packet or frame **{{figure 8 shows transmit packet to ingress node (130) and process packet w/ MPLS and VLAN information (132). Clear et al teach the source host 40 transmits a data packet to the ingress edge switching node 44 through a port on the first VLAN 42. The ingress edge switching node receives the packet and**

applied a VLAN encapsulation header preferably includes a VLAN ID of the first VLAN, namely VLAN ID of “1” [0032]}.

Although Clear et al does not teach TTL value, this clear limitation is well known in the art, and is teach by Behzadi (see figure 4, 266). **It is well known in the art MPLS data packet headers contains a Time-to-Live (TTL field). The TTL is a value representing the “life” of the packet, and this element of the shim is used to protect against forwarding loops. This TTL field is always set to a maximum value at the ingress node and is decremented at every node along its path in the network. When the value of the TTL field is decremented to “0” at a node, the corresponding data packet will be discarded by that node.**

Therefore, it would have been obvious to those having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to implement TTL value in MPLS shim header to provide a “looping packet detection” mechanism in network.

Claims 2, 23, 56, 61, Clear et al teach wherein the network device is a switch and wherein sending the encapsulated packet or frame comprises sending the encapsulated packet or frame over an inter-switch link in the storage area network **(see figure 2).**

Claims 3, 4, 5, 7, 24-26, 28, 51-53, 58, 63, Clear et al further teach wherein encapsulating comprises appending a header to the packet or frame to create a new packet or frame, wherein the header includes fields for the virtual storage area network identifier and information specifying at least one of the TTL value and the MPLS

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information {(see FIG. 5 and FIG. 6A, The egress FRL 64 preferably encapsulates the packet illustrated in FIG. 5 into an MPLS packet [0044]}.

Claims 6, 27, 52 as explained in the rejection statement of claim 1 (parent claim), Clear et al disclose all the claim limitation in parent claim. Although Clear et al does not teach calculating an error check value for the new packet or frame and including the error check value the new packet or frame, insert CRC value field in MPLS header is well known and is show in FIG. 6 of Behzadi. It is well known in the art a process used to check the integrity of a block of data. A CRC character is generated at the transmission end. Its value depends on the hexadecimal value of the number of ones in the data block. The transmitting device calculates the value and appends it to the data block. The receiving end makes a similar calculation and compares its results with the added character. If there is a different, the recipient requests retransmission. CRC is a common method of establishing that data was correctly received in data communications.

Hence, it would have been obvious to those having ordinary skill in the art to implement packet header including CRC field.

Claims 8-10, 13, 29-31, 34, 48, 54, 59, 62, 64, Clear et al teach wherein the header further comprises a field specifying a type of traffic to be carried by the packet or frame, and wherein the available types includes at least one of Ethernet, fibre channel,

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and Infiniband {(The ingress FRL identifies the MPLS packet by its Ethertype (Etype) protocol identification [0040], see FIG. 6A}.

Claims 12, 14, 33, 35, 47, 49, as explained in the rejection statement of claim 1 (parent claim), Clear et al disclose all the claim limitation in parent claim. Although Clear et al does not teach wherein the standard protocol is fibre channel or Infiniband, it is well known in the art to implement Fibre Channel or Infiniband standard protocol in MPSTL switching network.

Claims 16 and 37, Behzadi further teaches wherein the header includes a TTL field and the field has 8 bits reserved (see column 2, lines 35-39).

Claims 17-20 and 38-42, Behzadi further teach wherein the new packet or frame includes one or more MPLS labels, each of the labels including an indicator to indicate whether the label is the last label in a label stack; wherein the indicator field one bit. {As shows in FIG. 2, the MPLS label field carries the label value that is used to forward a packet to the next LSR. The stacking field is used to identifying when an MPLS header is the last MPLS header in a stack of MPLS headers, and the TTL field carries a TTL value that places a limit on the number of hops an MPLS packet can traverse within an MPLS domain.

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4. Claim 11, 32 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Clear et al (US 2002/0101868 A1) in view of Behzadi (US 6,728,220 B2) further in view of Wakayama et al (US 2001/0049739 A1).

Claim 11, 32, as explained in the rejection statement of claim 1 (parent claim), Clear et al in view of Behzadi disclose all the claim limitation in parent claim. Although Clear et al in view of Behzadi does not teach wherein the header comprises a field specifying a user priority for the packet or frame, this limitation is well known in VLAN and MPLS network environment and is teach by Wakayama et al according to **[[0024] and FIG. 2, element 514-1).**

Therefore, it would have been obvious to implement MPLS header to include a field specifying a user priority for the packet or frame.

5. Claim 15, 36 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Clear et al (US 2002/0101868 A1) in view of Behzadi (US 6,728,220 B2) further in view of Walrand et al (US 6,674,760 B1).

Claims 15, 36, Clear et al in view of Behzadi discloses a method as set forth in claim 1 (parent claim), Clear et al in view of Behzadi does not teach wherein the header field for the virtual storage area network identifier has 12 bits reserved.

Walrand et al, in the same field of endeavor, teach the VLAN tag includes a **12-bit VLAN-ID** used to identify the VLAN to which the packet is directed (**see [0005]**).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to implement a 12-bit VLAN-ID in the VLAN header.

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6. Claims 21, 43 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Clear et al (US 2002/0101868 A1) in view of Behzadi (US 6,728,220 B2) further in view of Aggarwal et al (US 6,330,614 B1).

Claim 21, 43, Clear et al in view of Behzadi discloses all the claim limitation recited in claim 1 (parent claim). Neither Clear nor Behzadi teach wherein the header further includes a version field indicating a version of the header. The limitation is well known in the art and is taught by Aggarwal et al in accordance with figure 7.

It would have been obvious to those having ordinary skill in the art to implement the version field indicating a version of the header, such as that taught by Aggarwal et al.

Conclusion

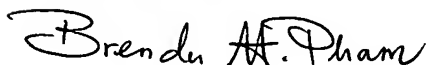
7. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Brenda Pham whose telephone number is (571) 272-3135. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday from 9:00 to 5:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Wellington Chin, can be reached on (571) 272-3134.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the Group receptionist whose telephone number is (571) 272-2600.

August 15, 2005

Brenda Pham

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Brenda A. Pham". The signature is written in dark ink and is positioned below the printed name "Brenda Pham".